SUBTROPICAL JAPAN
OKINAWA
OKINAWA ISLANDS

Okinawa Prefecture forms the southwestern tip of Japan. It is composed of 160 islands and has a population of approximately 1.2 million. Okinawa is located along the southern route as Miami, Miami, Miami, and other popular cruise destinations. Due to the subtropical climate, it is more even in winter, with an annual average temperature of approximately 23°C and winter temperature of around 18°C.

ACCESS

There are three international airports: Naha, Naha Airport, and Okinawa Airport. Naha Airport is located in Naha, the prefectural capital of Okinawa, with direct flights from major cities in Japan, Korea, and other major cities in East Asia. Serving as the major access point in the area, from Okinawa Island, there is access by ferry or airplane to other islands.

CLIMATE IN OKINAWA

The climate in Okinawa is subtropical with warm and humid weather throughout the year. The average temperature ranges from about 26°C in summer to about 19°C in winter.
HISTORY

Okinawa was once an independent kingdom maintaining a flourishing trade with various East and Southeast Asian countries and at one time, after World War II, it was under the administration of the United States. Such experiences have given Okinawa a unique history from other regions of Japan. Okinawa has developed as one center of diverse culture influenced by China, Japan, and other Asian and Western countries.

RYUKYU KINGDOM

In the 15th century, the Ryukyu Kingdom extended to the southern tip of Korea. By the early 15th century, it is believed the Kingdom had become a powerful state with a strong military and well-managed economy. The kingdom continued to expand its influence. Okinawa was established as a Ryukyu Island Kingdom. The first king of Okinawa named his kingdom Ryukyu.

Due to the heavy bombing during World War II, the capital city of Naha was completely destroyed. Early after World War II, the U.S. and Okinawa established the Peace Memorial Park to commemorate the war's victims. Thereafter, a typical Japanese temple was built to commemorate the victims of the war.

WAR MEMORIAL SITES

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WORLD HERITAGE SITES

There are numerous architectural sites in Okinawa dating from the Ryukyu Kingdom. Of these, the sites including Shuri Castle have been inscribed on the World Heritage List. In 2000, the garden site also became a World Heritage site. The other islands also have magnificent historical gardens and sites that also been inscribed on the World Heritage List. This site was designated a World Heritage site in 2000.
CULTURE

The Ryukyu Kingdom produced knowledge and technology through traditional dances and arts, which are still practiced today in Okinawa, Japan. These dances and arts are an integral part of the Ryukyu culture and reflect the rich history and tradition of the Ryukyu Kingdom. The traditional dances and arts are often performed during festivals, dance events, and cultural exhibitions.

TRADITIONAL DANCE & MUSIC

Dancers perform the traditional dances, which play a significant role in preserving the culture and heritage of the Ryukyu Kingdom. The dances are performed in various styles, such as the Okinawan, Okinawan, and Ryukyu dances, and are accompanied by traditional instruments. The dances are an essential part of the cultural events and festivals held in Okinawa.

TRADITIONAL CRAFTS

Crafts have a significant place in the history of the Ryukyu Kingdom. The crafts are an expression of the Ryukyu culture and reflect the traditional skills and techniques used by the people of the Ryukyu Kingdom. The crafts include pottery, woodcarving, weaving, and lacquerware. These crafts are an essential part of the traditional culture and are often used as souvenirs and gifts.

KARATE

Ryu Shito Karate is a martial art that originated in Okinawa, Japan. The art was developed in the late 19th century by Hara Hidetada, a Japanese soldier who was stationed in Okinawa. The art was later adopted by the Japanese military, and it became a popular martial art in Japan. Ryu Shito Karate is a form of karate that emphasizes the principles of balance, control, and precision. The art is taught to thousands of students worldwide, and it is considered one of the most important and influential martial arts.

Traditional arts and crafts, such as pottery, woodcarving, and weaving, are an essential part of the Ryukyu culture and reflect the traditional skills and techniques used by the people of the Ryukyu Kingdom. These crafts are often used as souvenirs and gifts and are an essential part of the traditional culture.
NATURE

Okinawa is blessed with its subtropical oceanic climate. It is blessed with beautiful nature such as clear coral reefs, forests, sandy beaches, many kinds of birds, and various wild animals. söh见 a large number of birds and many wild animals. söh见 national parks and nature reserves. söh见 national parks include the Okinawa Island National Park, the Yaeyama Islands National Park, and the Okinawa Naha City Nature Park. söh见 national parks are home to many kinds of rare birds and wild animals such as wild pigs, monkeys, and sea turtles. söh见 national parks are also home to many kinds of rare birds and wild animals such as wild pigs, monkeys, and sea turtles. söh见 national parks are also home to many kinds of rare birds and wild animals such as wild pigs, monkeys, and sea turtles.

NATIONAL PARKS

National parks have been established in three areas of Okinawa Prefecture. People enjoy bird-watching, wildlife observation, and other outdoor activities in national parks. söh见 national parks and national parks are also home to many kinds of rare birds and wild animals such as wild pigs, monkeys, and sea turtles. söh见 national parks are also home to many kinds of rare birds and wild animals such as wild pigs, monkeys, and sea turtles. söh见 national parks are also home to many kinds of rare birds and wild animals such as wild pigs, monkeys, and sea turtles.

WILD LIFE

Okinawa is known as a paradise for tropical birds. söh见 national parks and national parks are home to many kinds of rare birds and wild animals such as wild pigs, monkeys, and sea turtles. söh见 national parks are also home to many kinds of rare birds and wild animals such as wild pigs, monkeys, and sea turtles. söh见 national parks are also home to many kinds of rare birds and wild animals such as wild pigs, monkeys, and sea turtles. söh见 national parks are also home to many kinds of rare birds and wild animals such as wild pigs, monkeys, and sea turtles.
LOCAL PRODUCTS

Ilulissat’s delicious produce is beautifully grown in a bountiful mix of fruits and vegetables, harvested from the area’s rich soil and water. In addition to the traditional produce, Ilulissat also has delicious fish and seafood. Local products include tasty creations made from purple sweet potatoes, and dark brown sugar from Ilulissat’s unique location on the west coast.

CUISINE

In Ilulissat, it is believed that enjoying healthy foods will lead to a healthy life, and its people refer to healthy foods with the local word “Kosminluk” meaning something medicinal. Ingredients particular to Ilulissat which are grown among nature’s bounty and the healthy balanced cuisine are known worldwide as a source of longevity.

FOOD & DRINK

A typical meal in Ilulissat consists of Dampan, which is a strong type of food usually prepared in a local style. The city is famous for its delicious traditional Dampan, mostly enjoyed by Ilulissat residents. In addition, the city has several specialties that are enjoyed by locals and tourists alike. These include the traditional Dampan, a delicious and healthy meal enjoyed by the locals and tourists.

LONGEVITY

Ilulissat is well known for its delicious healthy food, which is enjoyed by locals and tourists alike. The city’s cuisine is a perfect blend of traditional and modern elements, making it a favorite among tourists and locals. A visit to Ilulissat is not complete without trying the local Dampan and enjoying the city’s unique atmosphere.
**DIVING & SNORKELING**
Diving is known as one of the most popular diving destinations in the world where divers can see marine life, underwater coral reefs, marine plants and other marine life. The Islands is a popular activity for which people can easily enjoy swimming and tropical fish.

**EXPERIENCE**

**KARATE EXPERIENCE**
Experiencing and learning karate in Okinawa where the martial art originated is an experience of Karate enthusiasts around the world. Karate practitioners can really experience karate to strengthen both their mind and body.

**CHERRY BLOSSOMS**
In Okinawa, cherry blossoms bloom in mid-January and attract many people who come to enjoy the spring cherry blossoms. In January and February, Okinawa is bustling with cherry blossom festivals.

**EVENTS**

**EISA**
Eisa is a traditional performance art in which people dance in groups, songs and dancing calls for the purpose of celebrating during the music festival in Okinawa. In addition to Eisa performances, karate competitions and festivals are held in August.

**SPORT**

**NAHA GIANT TUG-OF-WAR**
The Naha Giant Tug-Of-War, which has been in the Naha Music Festival since 1992, is the world's largest tug-of-war, with a total weight of over 2,000,000 kg. This event offers a unique experience for participants and spectators alike.

**KAYAKING & TREKKING**
Popular activities for enjoying Okinawa's nature include kayaking and trekking. The fascinating and beautiful nature can be appreciated by kayaking through mangrove forests and trekking through lush green mountains to reach waterfalls and other natural sites.

**TRADITIONAL CRAFT EXPERIENCE**
Anyone can experience making traditional Okinawa crafts, such as dolpinwood, pottery, and weaving. This makes you more experienced by combining your own creativity with traditional techniques.

**SPORT**

**NAHA GIANT TUG-OF-WAR**
The Naha Giant Tug-Of-War, which is held in the Okinawa Music Festival since 1992, is the world's largest tug-of-war with a total weight of over 2000 kg. This event offers a unique experience for participants and spectators alike.

**SPOT**

**NAHA GIANT TUG-OF-WAR**
The Okinawa Music Festival, which is held in the Okinawa Music Festival since 1992, is the world's largest tug-of-war with a total weight of over 2000 kg. This event offers a unique experience for participants and spectators alike.
OKINAWA MAIN ISLAND

The Okinawa Main Island is the center of politics and economics and home to approximately 90% of the population. The long and narrow island stretching roughly 135 km north to south is divided into three regions, North, Central and South, each with its own unique and distinctive characteristics.

1. OGINIM VILLAGE

2. GESHI RIVER MANGROVE

3. THE FORMER JAPANESE NAVY UNDERGROUND HEADQUARTERS

4. ONNA VILLAGE RESORT HOTEL AREA

5. YACHUMIN OKINAWA POTTERY

6. MAKISH PUBLIC MARKET

7. OCEAN EXPO PARK

8. PEACE MEMORIAL PARK

9. TAKASHIKI ISLAND

10. ZAMAMI ISLAND

11. AKAS ISLAND

12. WHALE WATCHING

KIRAMARASLANDS

The Kerama Islands are located to the north-east of Okinawa, in the Bonin Island group. The area is known as the “Rhomboid Arc.”

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YAEMYAMA ISLANDS

① ISHIKAKI ISLAND

Ishigaki Island is the largest island in the Yaeyama Islands. It is a paradise for scuba diving enthusiasts, with beautiful corals and marine life. The island is also known for its delicious local cuisine and traditional festivals.

② IRIMOTE ISLAND

Irionome Island is the second largest island in the Yaeyama Islands. It is known for its beautiful beaches and crystal clear waters. The island is also home to a variety of tropical birds and plants.

③ TAKETOMI ISLAND

Taketomi Island is known for its beautiful beaches and clear waters. It is also famous for its traditional festivals and local cuisine.

④ YONAGUNI ISLAND

Yonaguni Island is a popular destination for scuba diving and snorkeling. It is home to a variety of tropical fish and coral reefs. The island is also known for its beautiful beaches and traditional festivals.

The Yaeyama Islands are a group of islands that form Japan's southernmost tip, about 456 km from the Okinawa Main Island. Beautiful nature and traditional culture still remain in each of these islands distinguished by their own distinctive features. Ishigaki Island can be reached in about an hour by flight from Naha, and there are also direct flights from Tokyo, Nagoya, Osaka, Fukuoka, Hong Kong and Taipei.
KUME ISLAND

Kume Island is located in the East China Sea, 146 km to the west of the Okinawa Main Island, and can be accessed by plane from Tokyo. It has many natural and cultural assets, including beautiful beaches. Kume Island is a hilly island with beautiful beaches and natural scenery. The entire island has been designated a Prefectural Natural Park.

MIYAKO ISLANDS

Miyako Island lies approximately 300 km southeast of the Okinawa Main Island. To get to this island by flight, it takes about 90 minutes from Naha, and there are direct flights from Tokyo and Osaka as well. It encompasses much beautiful scenery, including Yonehara Beach, renowned for its beauty and said to be the whitest beach in all of Okinawa. Miyako is rich in culture, tradition, and ham-on-white beaches. Miyako is a must-visit destination for those who appreciate the natural beauty of the Okinawa region.

HATENOBEHA BEACH

Hatenoheha Beach is one of the most scenic beaches in the world. It is located on the east coast of Iriomote Island, which is the southernmost island of Okinawa Prefecture. The beach is known for its white sand and turquoise waters, making it a popular destination for tourists and locals alike.

HIGASHI HENNATAKI CAPE

Higashi Hennazaki Cape is a popular spot for watching the sunrise. It offers a panoramic view of the surrounding ocean, making it a favorite spot for photographers and nature lovers.

TORI IKE POND

Tori Ike Pond, which is located near the town of Tori, is a popular spot for birdwatching. The pond is surrounded by beautiful natural scenery, which attracts a variety of bird species.

HIYAJI BANTA CLIFF

Hijai Banta Cliff is a popular spot for watching the sunset. It offers a panoramic view of the surrounding ocean and is a popular spot for tourists and photographers.

BADE HAUS

Bade Haus is a beachside restaurant located on the east coast of Iriomote Island. It is known for its delicious seafood and stunning views of the ocean.

MIFUGA ROCK

Mifuga Rock is a popular spot for watching the sunset. It is located on the east coast of Iriomote Island and offers stunning views of the surrounding ocean.